# IN THE HIGH COURT AT CALCUTTA ORIGINAL SIDE COMMERCIAL DIVISION

**Present:** 

The Hon'ble Justice Krishna Rao

C.S. (Com) No. 371 of 2024 (Old No. CS 79 of 2022)

# **Hytone Merchants Private Limited**

### **Versus**

# Uttam Chatterjee

Mr. Rachit Lakhmani

Mr. Ovik Sengupta

Mr. Anil Choudhury

... For the plaintiff.

Hearing Concluded On: 18.08.2025

Judgment on : 12.09.2025

## Krishna Rao, J.:

1. The present suit is filed by the plaintiff for a decree for a sum of Rs.5,37,65,845.68 along with interest at the rate of 30% per annum and interest pendente lite.

- **2.** The plaintiff is a company incorporated under the Companies Act, 1956 and is engaged in various kinds of businesses.
- **3.** The defendant carries on business under the name and style of "U.K. Traders", as its sole proprietor and is engaged in the business of investing money in several incomplete real estate projects and lends money from people for such purposes.
- **4.** In or around the year 2016, the defendant had visited the office of the plaintiff and approached the plaintiff to visit the office of the defendant to have a discussion regarding investment opportunities.
- 5. In the month of July, 2016, the plaintiff had visited the office of the defendant, wherein the defendant showed the plaintiff, the incomplete real estate projects where the defendant has been investing money and also told the plaintiff that considering the market conditions, investing in such incomplete real estate projects ensure double or more returns. The defendant also proposed to the plaintiff that if the plaintiff invests some money with the defendant, the defendant would assure that the plaintiff at least gets 30% per annum return on such money being invested.
- **6.** The plaintiff states that lured by such offer of the defendant, the plaintiff agreed to pay the defendant a sum of Rs.1,67,79,000/- and had paid such sum by way of RTGS transfer or cheques from time to time from 16<sup>th</sup> May, 2017 till 14<sup>th</sup> November, 2017, which the defendant

was supposed to pay back by 30<sup>th</sup> November, 2019 along with interest at the rate of 30% per annum.

- 7. The defendant had used the money given by the plaintiff to purchase or create right, title and interest in various immovable properties by executing registered conveyance deeds or agreements for sale.
- **8.** The plaintiff submits that after availing money from the plaintiff, the defendant enjoyed and used the said money to acquire properties and having also benefited therefrom.
- 9. On 7<sup>th</sup> September, 2019, the plaintiff had lodged a formal complaint before the New Alipore Police Station regarding the loss of a bag containing several Cheque Books of the plaintiff and his other companies. On 19<sup>th</sup> December, 2019, the plaintiff received a notice from the defendant claiming that one cheque being numbered 466921 amounting to Rs.16,00,00,000/- has been dishonoured, which has already been reported lost to the New Alipore Police Station by the letter of complaint dated 7<sup>th</sup> September, 2019.
- 10. The plaintiff has filed a criminal complaint before the Officer-in-Charge, New Alipore Police Station on 18<sup>th</sup> March, 2020. On receipt of the complaint of the plaintiff, the police has initiated FIR No. 65/2020 against the defendant.

- 11. The plaintiff by a notice dated 20<sup>th</sup> December, 2021, had called upon the defendant to pay its outstanding dues to the tune of Rs.5,37,65,845.68 (principal amount along with interest @ 30% per annum), which was duly received by the defendant on 27<sup>th</sup> December, 2021 vide post.
- 12. The defendant in response to the notice dated 20th December, 2021, had sent a letter through his Advocate on 21st January, 2022, denied the claim of the plaintiff and have made a false story stating that the defendant had supplied shellac to the plaintiff for which the defendant is entitled to a certain amount from the plaintiff. The plaintiff says that shellac is natural resin which is used as a brush-on colorant, food glaze and wood finish and the plaintiff has no use for the same and the plaintiff had never received any goods from the defendant.
- 13. The plaintiff came to know from reliable sources that the defendant is cancelling the agreement for sale in respect of the properties in which the defendant had invested the money of the plaintiff and is taking back the earnest money in respect of such properties without informing the plaintiff. After being searched by the plaintiff, the plaintiff came to know that in respect of seven of the properties in which the defendant had invested the money of the plaintiff, the defendant had cancelled such agreement for sale and such properties have already been sold in favour of other parties and the defendant has neither informed the plaintiff nor has paid any amount to the plaintiff out of such sale.

- 14. The conduct of the defendant clearly shows that the defendant is siphoning off money from the investments made by the plaintiff and given such facts and circumstances the plaintiff had lodged a criminal complaint before the Officer-in-Charge, New Alipore Police Station.
- 15. The plaintiff in order to prove its case has examined one witness, namely, Mr. Anil Agarwal, who is one of the Directors of the plaintiff company. During his evidence, the plaintiff has produced four (4) documents which were marked as "Exhibit A to Exhibit C" and "Exhibit X", which are as follows:
  - **Exhibit A:** Copies of bank statements downloaded from the official website of United Bank of India, which shows payments made by the plaintiff to the defendant.
  - **Exhibit B:** Copy of the General Diary dated 7<sup>th</sup> September, 2019 lodged by the plaintiff in New Alipore Police Station, reporting the cheques lost from the plaintiff's office.
  - **Exhibit C**: Copy of notice dated 20<sup>th</sup> December, 2021, given by the plaintiff to Uttam Chatterjee requesting payment of money due, along with its postal receipts.
  - **Exhibit X (for identification):** Copies of the agreements for sale entered by Uttam Chatterjee with various sellers, downloaded from the official website of Directorate of Registration Revenue, Government of West Bengal.
- **16.** To prove that the plaintiff has paid an amount of Rs. 1,67,79,000/- to the defendant, the plaintiff has exhibited the documents being **Exhibit "A"** which established that from 16<sup>th</sup> May, 2017 till 14<sup>th</sup> November,

- 2017, the plaintiff has transferred amounts in the account of the defendant from time to time.
- 17. As the defendant failed to pay the amount of Rs. 1,67,79,000/- along with interest at the rate of 30% per annum, the plaintiff had sent a notice to the defendant by postal services on 20<sup>th</sup> December, 2021 which were duly received by the defendant. The plaintiff has proved the said notice being **Exhibit "C"**. On receipt of the notice of the plaintiff, the defendant had sent a reply dated 21<sup>st</sup> January, 2022 by denying the claim of the plaintiff.
- **18.** The plaintiff has made payment of an amount of Rs. 1,67,79,000/- but the defendant has neither returned the principal amount nor the interest accrued thereon.
- 19. This Court considered the case made out by the plaintiff in the plaint, affidavit of evidence of the plaintiff's witness and the documents which were marked as exhibits during the evidence of the plaintiff's witness. This Court finds that the plaintiff has paid total amount of Rs. 1,67,79,000/- in between 16<sup>th</sup> May, 2017 till 14<sup>th</sup> November, 2017 but the defendant has neither returned the principal amount nor the interest accrued thereon.
- **20.** Though the plaintiff has claimed interest at the rate of 30% per annum but this Court did not find and evidence that there is any agreement between the parties for payment of interest at the rate of 30% per annum. As no interest is agreed between the parties but the defendant

has invested the amount paid by the plaintiff for the purpose of its business thus the plaintiff is entitled to get interest at the rate of 15% per annum.

- 21. After filing of suit, the plaintiff has taken appropriate steps for service of summons upon the defendant through the Sheriff of this Court as well as through postal services but writ of summons could not be served upon the defendant with the reasons that the defendant was not found at the address and "left without information". As per leave granted by this Court, the plaintiff has published the notice of the suit for the information of the defendant but inspite of publication of notice, the defendant failed to appear in the suit and accordingly, the suit is placed in the list of undefended suit.
- **22.** Considering the above, this Court finds that the plaintiff is entitled to get principal amount of Rs. 1,67,79,000/-. The plaintiff is also entitled to get interest at the rate of 15% per annum in the following manner:
  - (i) 15% per annum on Rs. 15,05,000/- from 16<sup>th</sup> May, 2017 till realization,
  - (ii) 15% per annum on Rs. 7,62,300/- from 16<sup>th</sup> May, 2017 till realisation,
  - (iii) 15% per annum on Rs.8,00,000/- from 19<sup>th</sup> May, 2017 till realisation,
  - (iv) 15% per annum on Rs. 10,00,000/- from 19<sup>th</sup> May, 2017 till realisation,

- (v) 15% per annum on Rs.20,00,000 from 23<sup>rd</sup> May, 2017 till realisation,
- (vi) 15% per annum on Rs.8,00,000/- from 2<sup>nd</sup> June, 2017 till realisation,
- (vii) 15% per annum on Rs.9,68,800/- from 9<sup>th</sup> June, 2017 till realisation,
- (viii) 15% per annum on Rs.12,00,000/- from 27<sup>th</sup> June, 2017 till realisation,
- (ix) 15% per annum on Rs.4,69,700/- from 27<sup>th</sup> June, 2017 till realisation,
- (x) 15% per annum on Rs.4,52,200/- from 4<sup>th</sup> July, 2017 till realisation,
- (xi) 15% per annum on Rs.3,90,000/- from 26<sup>th</sup> June, 2017 till realisation,
- (xii) 15% per annum on Rs.4,80,200/- from 2<sup>nd</sup> August, 2017 till realisation,
- (xiii) 15% per annum on Rs.4,10,200/- from 10<sup>th</sup> August, 2017 till realisation,
- (xiv) 15% per annum on Rs.3,72,000/- from 18<sup>th</sup> August, 2017 till realisation,
- (xv) 15% per annum on Rs.6,00,000/- from 30<sup>th</sup> August, 2017 till realisation,
- (xvi) per annum on Rs.1,00,000/- from 1<sup>st</sup> September, 2017 till realisation,

- (xvii) 15% per annum on Rs.4,00,000/- from 8th September, 2017 till realisation,
- (xviii) 15% per annum on Rs.5,57,000/- from 18<sup>th</sup> September, 2017 till realisation,
- (xix) 15% per annum on Rs.7,02,000/- from 26<sup>th</sup> September, 2017 till realisation,
- (xx) 15% per annum on Rs.8,84,500/- from 11<sup>th</sup> October, 2017 till realisation,
- (xxi) 15% per annum on Rs.3,88,300/- from 20<sup>th</sup> October, 2017 till realisation,
- (xxii) 15% per annum on Rs.2,99,800/- from 24<sup>th</sup> October, 2017 till realisation,
- (xxiii) 15% per annum on Rs. 3,37,000/- from 14<sup>th</sup> November, 2017 till realisation.
- 23. C.S. (Com) No. 371 of 2024 (Old C.S. No. 79 of 2022) is disposed of.
  Decree be drawn accordingly.

(Krishna Rao, J.)